

## FQPF5N60

### 600V N-Channel MOSFET

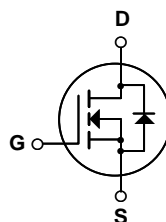
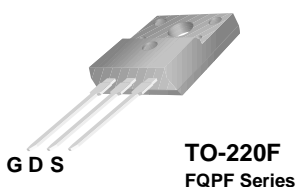
#### General Description

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, planar stripe, DMOS technology.

This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switch mode power supply.

#### Features

- 2.8A, 600V,  $R_{DS(on)} = 2.0\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 10V$
- Low gate charge ( typical 16 nC)
- Low Crss ( typical 9.0 pF)
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability
- TO-220F package isolation = 4.0kV (Note 6)



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	FQPF5N60	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	600	V
$I_D$	Drain Current - Continuous ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) - Continuous ( $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ )	2.8	A
		1.77	A
$I_{DM}$	Drain Current - Pulsed (Note 1)	11.2	A
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 30$	V
$E_{AS}$	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy (Note 2)	300	mJ
$I_{AR}$	Avalanche Current (Note 1)	2.8	A
$E_{AR}$	Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	4.0	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt (Note 3)	4.5	V/ns
$P_D$	Power Dissipation ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) - Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	40	W
		0.32	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	300	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Max	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	--	3.13	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	--	62.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>Off Characteristics</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	600	--	--	V
$\Delta BV_{DSS} / \Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$	--	0.6	--	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 600\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	10	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = 480\text{ V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	100	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	$V_{GS} = 30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	100	nA
$I_{GSSR}$	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	-100	nA

### On Characteristics

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$	3.0	--	5.0	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 1.4\text{ A}$	--	1.57	2.0	$\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, I_D = 1.4\text{ A}$ (Note 4)	--	3.5	--	S

### Dynamic Characteristics

$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	--	560	730	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		--	80	100	pF
$C_{riss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	9	12	pF

### Switching Characteristics

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 300\text{ V}, I_D = 5.0\text{ A},$ $R_G = 25\ \Omega$	--	13	35	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time		--	45	100	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	35	80	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time		(Note 4, 5)	--	40	90
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 480\text{ V}, I_D = 5.0\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	--	16	20	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge		--	3.5	--	nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge		(Note 4, 5)	--	7.8	--

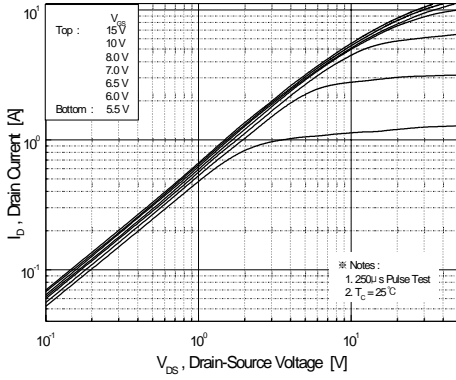
### Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

$I_S$	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	2.8	A	
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	11.2	A	
$V_{SD}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 2.8\text{ A}$	--	--	1.4	V
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 5.0\text{ A},$	--	270	--	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$di_F / dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ (Note 4)	--	1.9	--	$\mu\text{C}$

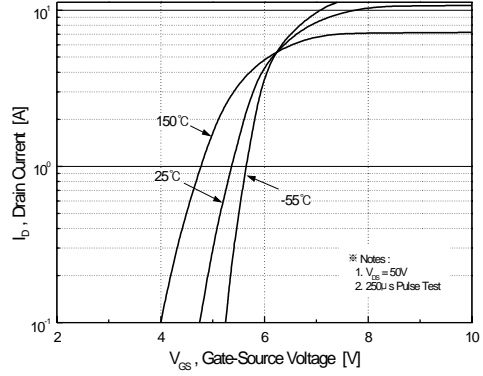
#### Notes:

1. Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature
2.  $L = 70\text{ mH}, I_{AS} = 2.8\text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}, R_G = 25\ \Omega$ , Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
3.  $I_{SD} \leq 5.0\text{ A}, di/dt \leq 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$ , Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
4. Pulse Test : Pulse width  $\leq 300\ \mu\text{s}$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$
5. Essentially independent of operating temperature
6. Only for back side in  $V_{iso} = 4.0\text{ kV}$  and  $t = 0.3\text{ s}$

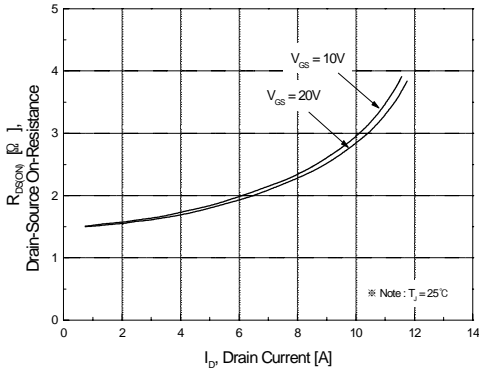
## Typical Characteristics



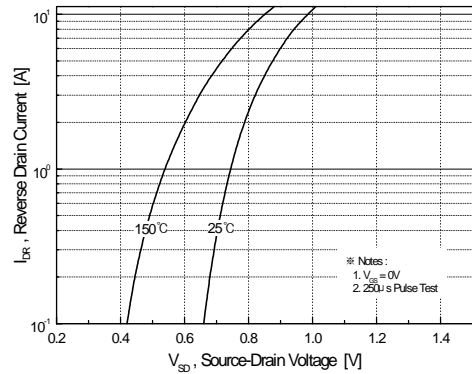
**Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics**



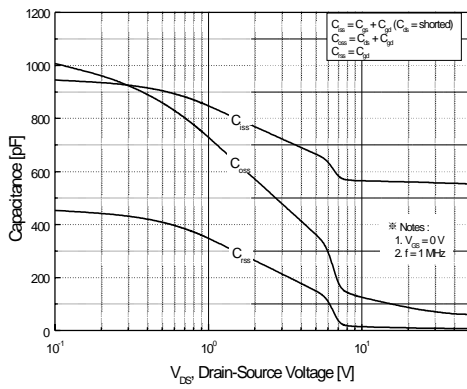
**Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics**



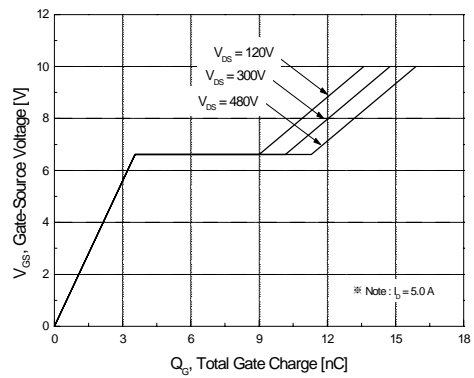
**Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**



**Figure 4. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation vs. Source Current and Temperature**

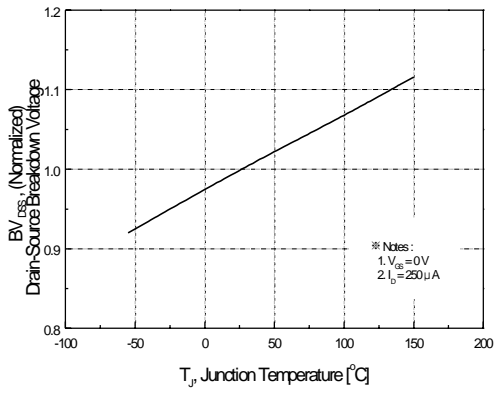


**Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics**

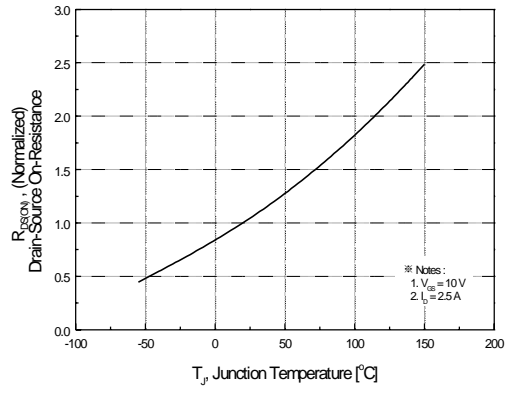


**Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics**

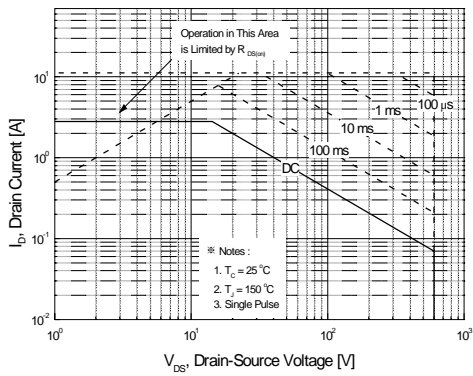
**Typical Characteristics** (Continued)



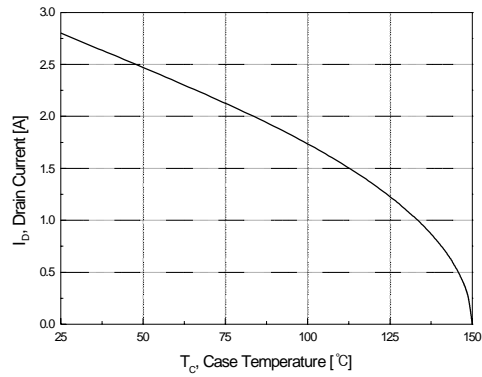
**Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation vs. Temperature**



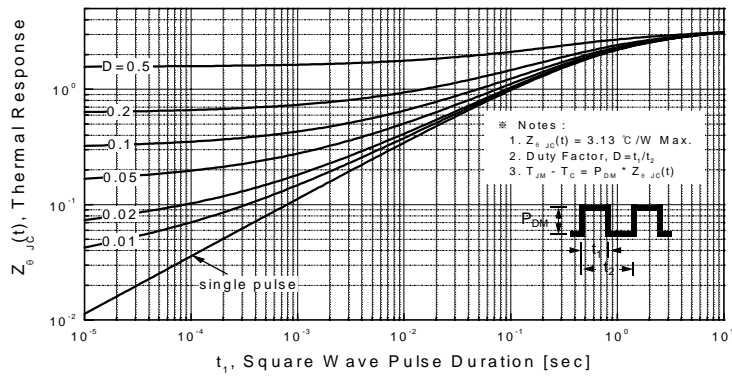
**Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation vs. Temperature**



**Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area**

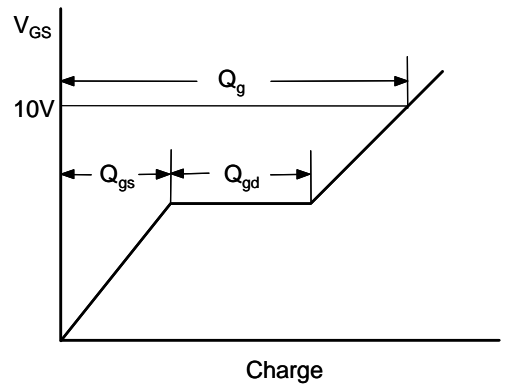
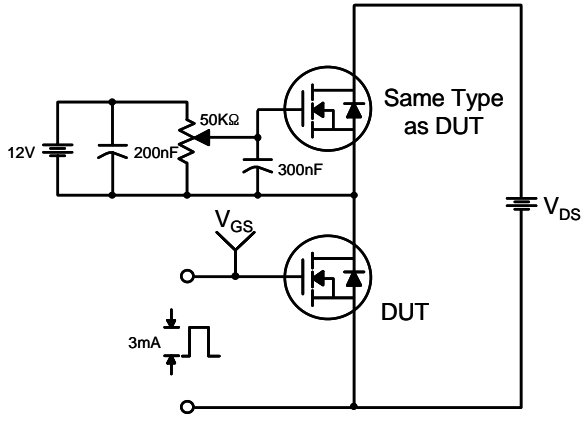


**Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature**

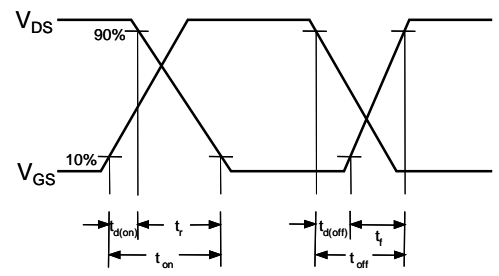
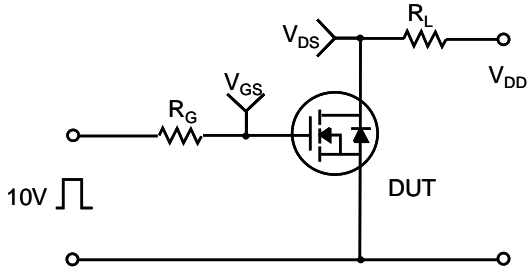


**Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve**

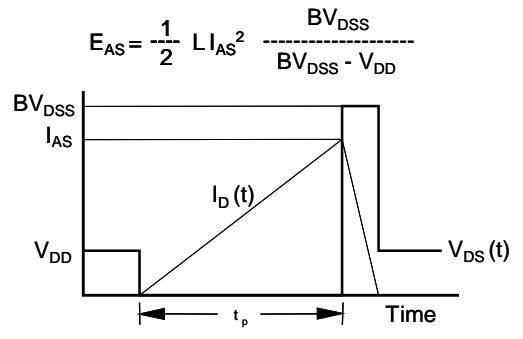
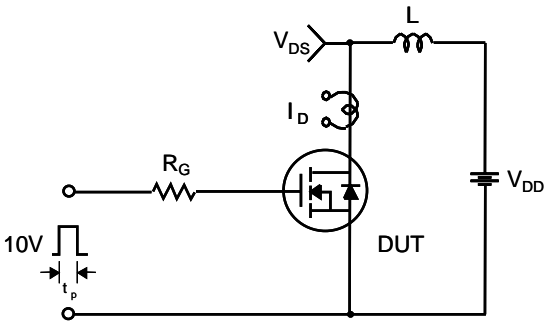
**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**



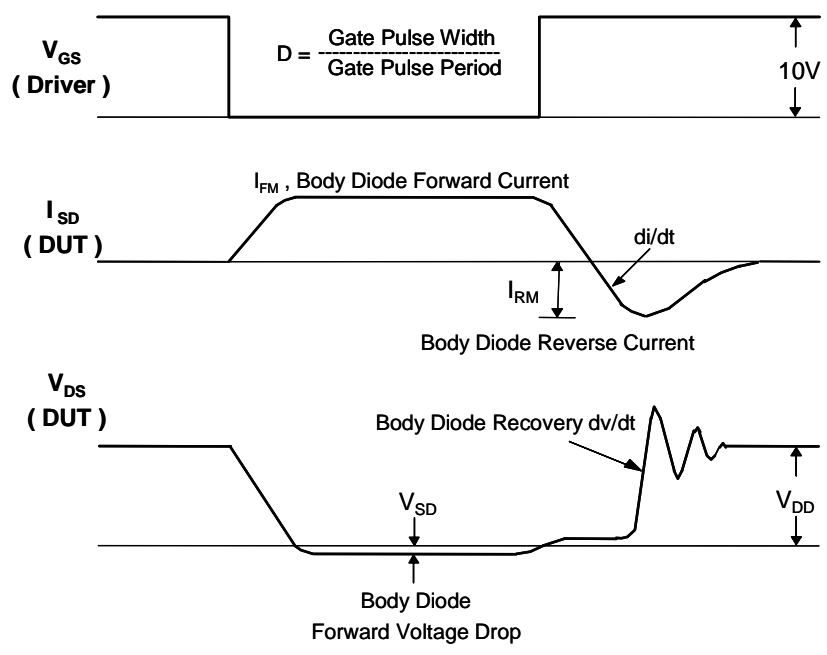
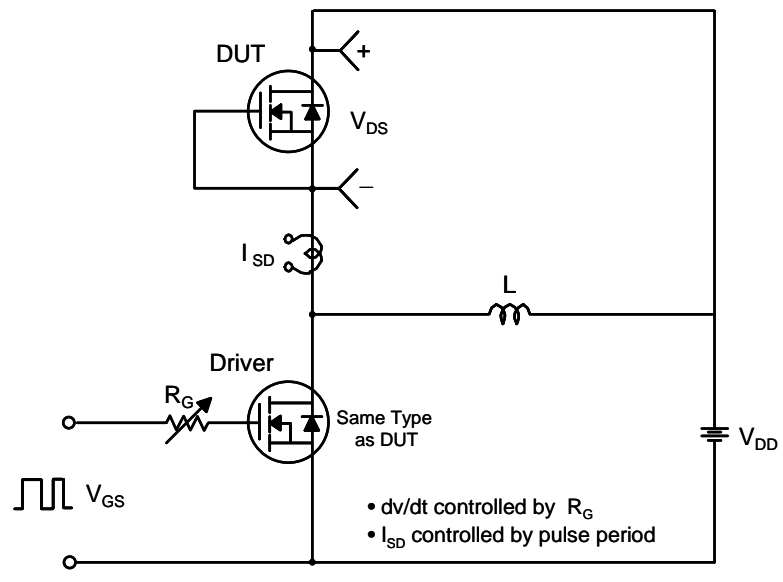
**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**



**Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**



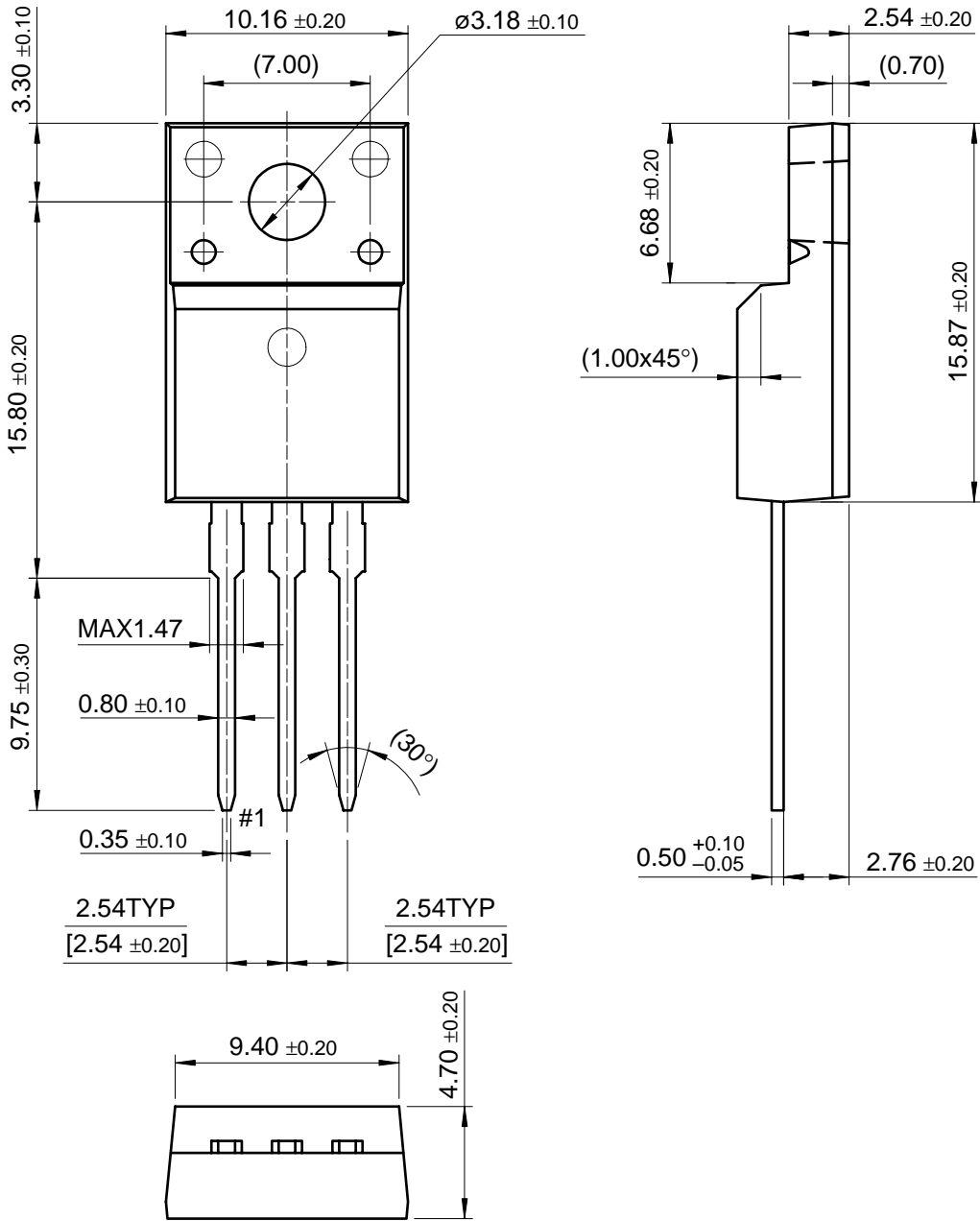
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms



Package Dimensions

TO-220F

FQPF5N60



Dimensions in Millimeters

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