



Through Hole Lamp Product Data Sheet LTL-42M5NH106

Spec No.: DS20-2001-487

Effective Date: 08/16/2013

Revision: A

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

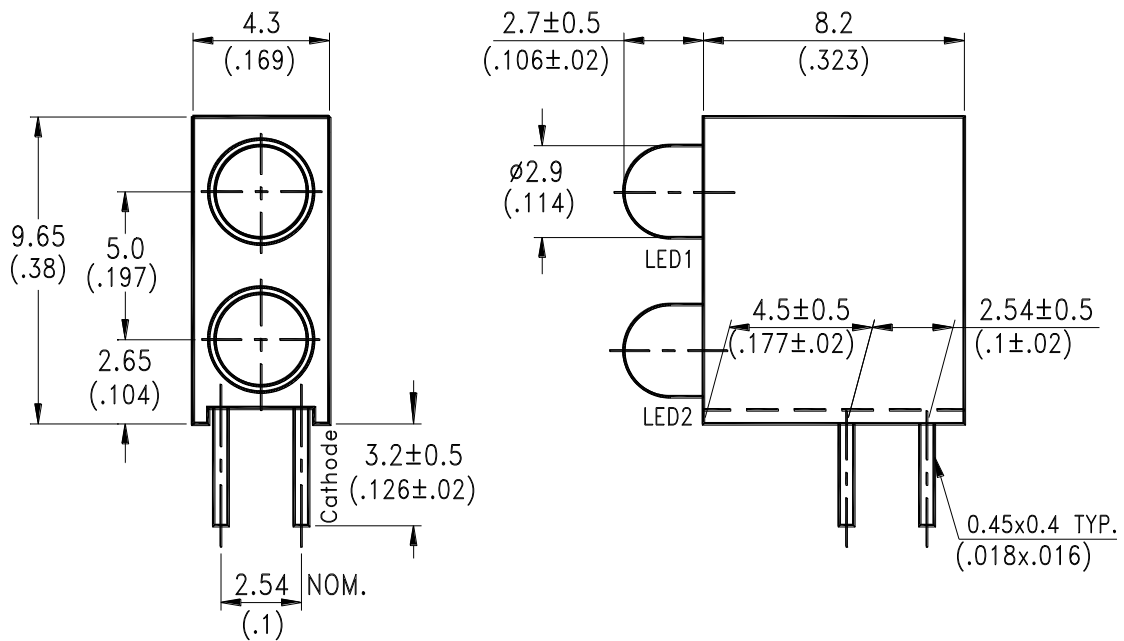
BNS-OD-FC001/A4

Property of Lite-On Only

Features

- * Lead (Pb) free product – RoHS compliant.
- * Designed for ease in circuit board assembly.
- * Black case enhance contrast ratio.
- * Solid state light source.
- * Reliable and rugged.

Package Dimensions



Lamp Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LED1: LTL-4231N	Green Diffused	Green
LED2: LTL-4251N	Yellow Diffused	Yellow

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(.010\text{'})$ unless otherwise noted.
3. The Holder(Housing) is 46L106, Nylon 66 black.
4. LED1 lamp is LTL-4231N; LED2 lamp is LTL-4251N.
5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Green	Yellow	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	20	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	0.25	mA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to + 100 $^\circ\text{C}$		
Storage Temperature Range	-55 $^\circ\text{C}$ to + 100 $^\circ\text{C}$		
Lead Soldering Temperature [2.0mm(.078") From Body]	260 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 Seconds		

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Electrical Optical Characteristics at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	LTL-4231N LTL-4251N	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_v	Green Yellow	5.6 3.7	12.6 5.6		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$	Green Yellow		60		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p	Green Yellow		565 585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	Green Yellow	564 584	569 588	574 595	nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$	Green Yellow		30 35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F	Green Yellow		2.1 2.1	2.6 2.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R	Green Yellow			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$, Note 5

- Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
4. I_v needs $\pm 15\%$ additional for guaranteed limits.
5. Reverse Voltage (V_R) condition is applied for I_R test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.

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Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

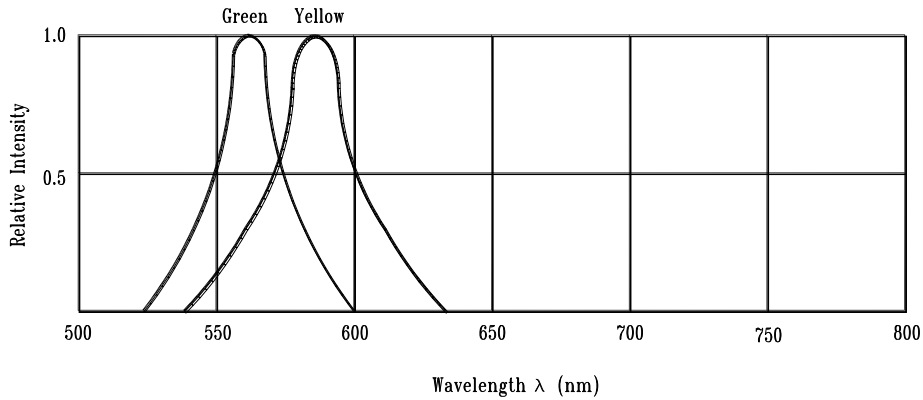


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

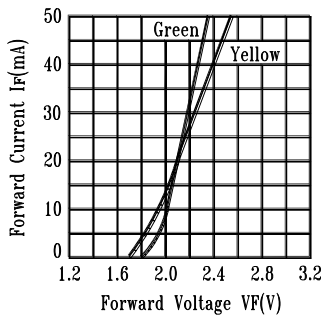


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

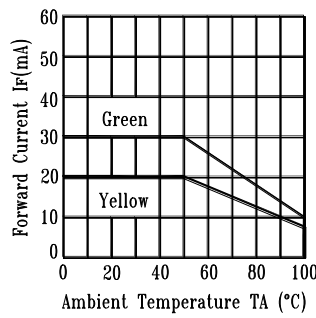


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

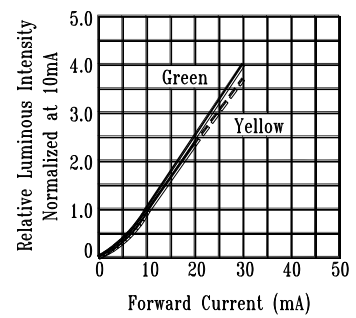


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

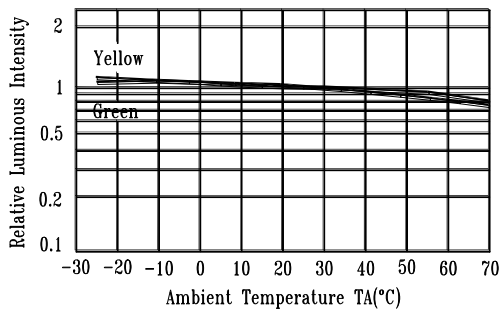


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

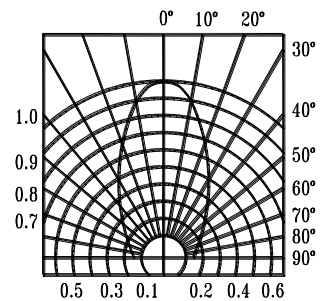
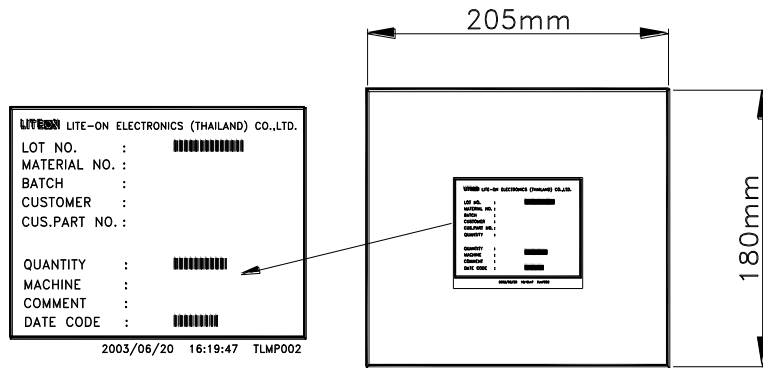


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

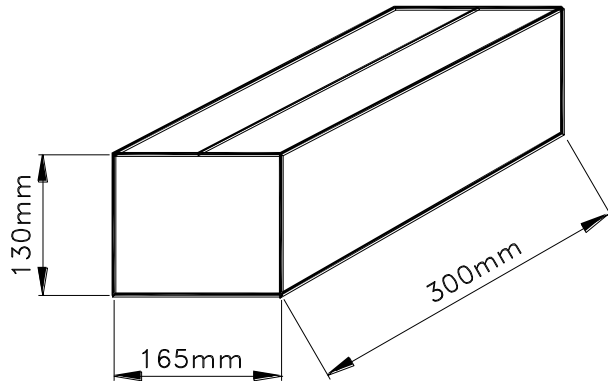
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Packing Spec

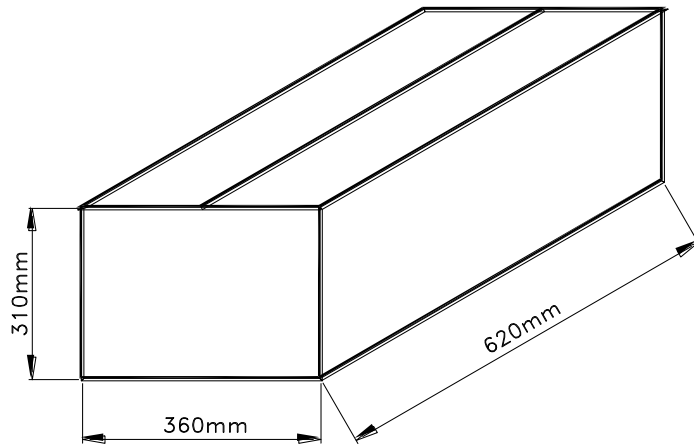
500, 200 or 100 pcs per packing bag



**10 packing bags per inner carton
total 5,000 pcs per inner carton**



**8 Inner cartons per outer carton
total 40,000 pcs per outer carton
In every shipping lot, only the last pack will be non-full packing**



Bin Table Specification For Reference (LTL-4231N)

Luminous Intensity		Unit : mcd @10mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
N1	50	85
M1	29	50
L1	19	29
L2	12.6	19
L3	8.7	12.6
L4	5.6	8.7

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Dominant Wavelength		Unit : nm @10mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
YG	571.0	574.0
PG	569.5	571.0
GG	568.0	569.5
GG1	566.0	568.0
GG2	564.0	566.0

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is $\pm 1\text{nm}$

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Bin Table Specification For Reference (LTL-4251N)

Luminous Intensity		Unit : mcd @10mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
1	14.5	30.0
J1	8.74	14.5
J2A	7.4	8.74
J2B	5.6	7.4
J3	3.7	5.6

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is $\pm 15\%$

Dominant Wavelength		Unit : nm @10mA
Bin Code	Min.	Max.
OY	592	595
Y	589	592
PY	587	589
YY	584	587

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is $\pm 1\text{nm}$

CAUTIONS

1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3 mm from the base of LED lens. Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature. During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens/Holder to the soldering point. Dipping the lens/Holder into the solder must be avoided. Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions :

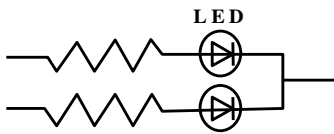
Soldering iron		Wave soldering	
Temperature	350°C Max.	Pre-heat	100°C Max.
Soldering time	3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat time	60 sec. Max.
		Solder wave	260°C Max.
		Soldering time	5 sec. Max.

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED/Holder or catastrophic failure of the CBI. IR(Hot air) re-flow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp production. Max. temperature of wave soldering is not mean that Holder's HDT/Melting temperature.

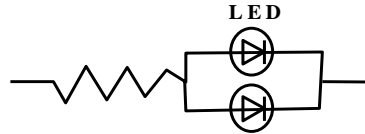
6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



(A) Recommended circuit

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs

7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

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Suggested checking list :

Training and Certification

1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DSL?
5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
3. Are audit records complete and on file?

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8. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard
Endurance Test	Operation Life	Ta= Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating Test Time= 1000HRS	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883D:1005 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-1 (1982)
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage	Ta= 65±5°C RH= 90 ~ 95% Test Time= 240HRS	MIL-STD-202F: 103B(1980) JIS C 7021 : B-11(1982)
	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105±5°C Test Time= 1000HRS	MIL-STD-883D:1008 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-10 (1982)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55±5°C Test Time=1000HRS	JIS C 7021:B-12 (1982)
Environmental Test	Temperature Cycling	105°C ~ 25°C ~ -55°C ~ 25°C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021: A-4(1982)
	Thermal Shock	105 ± 5°C ~ -55°C ± 5°C 10mins 10mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1011 (1991)
	Solder Resistance	T.sol = 260 °C Max. Dwell Time= 5secs Max.	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021: A-1(1982)
	Solderability	T. sol = 230 ± 5°C Dwell Time= 5 ± 1secs	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) JIS C 7021: A-2(1982)

9. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.