

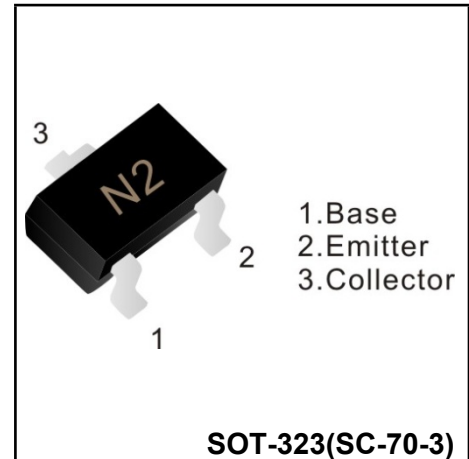
NPN Transistor

FEATURES

- ◆ Collector Current Capability $I_C=70\text{mA}$
- ◆ Collector Emitter Voltage $V_{CEO}=15\text{V}$
- ◆ High power gain
- ◆ Low noise figure
- ◆ High transition frequency

MECHANICAL DATA

- ◆ Case: SOT-323(SC-70-3)



Marking Code	
BFS520	N2

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector - Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	20	V
Collector - Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	15	
Emitter - Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	2.5	
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	70	mA
Collector Power Dissipation	P_C	300	mW
Thermal Resistance From Junction To Soldering Point	$R_{\theta JS}$	190	$W/^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	T_J	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to 150	

Electrical Characteristics Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Collector- base breakdown voltage	V _{CB0}	I _c = 100 μA, I _E = 0	20			V
Collector- emitter breakdown voltage	V _{CE0}	I _c = 1 mA, I _B = 0	15			
Emitter - base breakdown voltage	V _{EB0}	I _E = 100 μA, I _C = 0	2.5			
Collector-base cut-off current	I _{CBO}	V _{CB} = 20 V, I _E = 0			50	nA
Emitter cut-off current	I _{EBO}	V _{EB} = 2.5V, I _C =0			100	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	I _c = 70 mA, I _B =7mA			0.5	V
Base - emitter saturation voltage	V _{BE(sat)}	I _c = 70 mA, I _B =7mA			1.2	
DC current gain	h _{FE}	V _{CE} = 6V, I _c = 20mA	60		250	
Maximum unilateral power gain	G _{UM}	I _c =20mA; V _{CE} =6V; T _{amb} =25°C; f=0.9GHz		15		
		I _c =20mA; V _{CE} =6V; T _{amb} =25°C; f=2GHz		9		
Insertion power gain	S ₂₁ ²	I _c =20mA; V _{CE} =6V; T _{amb} =25°C; f=0.9GHz	13			dB
Noise figure	NF	G _s = G _{opt} ; I _c = 5mA; V _{CE} = 6V; T _{amb} = 25 °C;f = 0.9GHz			1.6	
		G _s = G _{opt} ; I _c = 20mA; V _{CE} = 6V; T _{amb} = 25 °C;f = 0.9GHz			2.1	
		G _s = G _{opt} ; I _c = 5mA; V _{CE} = 6V; T _{amb} = 25 °C;f = 2GHz		1.9		
Output power at 1 dB gain compression	P _{L1}	I _c = 20 mA; V _{CE} = 6 V; R _L = 50 Ω; f = 900 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C		17		dBm
Third order intercept point	ITO	(Note.1)		26		
Collector capacitance	C _c	V _{CB} = 6V, I _E =I _{E0} ,f=1MHz		0.5		pF
Emitter capacitance	C _e	V _{EB} = 0.5V, I _C =I _{C0} ,f=1MHz		1		
Feedback capacitance	C _{re}	V _{CB} = 6V, I _C =0,f=1MHz		0.4		
Transition frequency	f _T	V _{CE} = 6V, I _c = 20mA,f=1GHz,T _{amb} =25°C		9		GHz

Note. G_{UM} is the maximum unilateral power gain, assuming S₁₂ is zero and

$$G_{UM} = 10 \log \frac{|S_{21}|^2}{(1 - |S_{11}|^2)(1 - |S_{22}|^2)} \text{ dB.}$$

Note.1 I_c = 20 mA; V_{CE} = 6 V; R_L = 50 Ω; f = 900 MHz; T_{amb} = 25 °C;
f_p = 900 MHz; f_q = 902 MHz; measured at f(2p-q) = 898 MHz and at f(2q-p) = 904 MHz.

■ Typical Characteristics

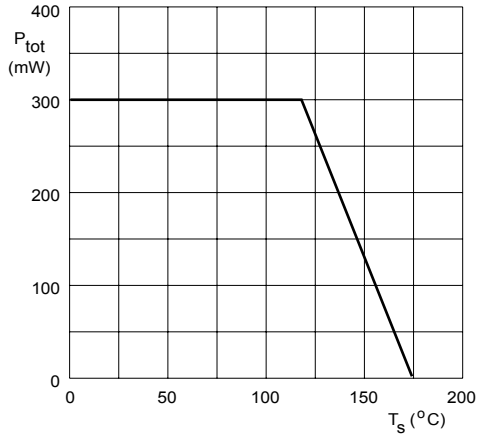
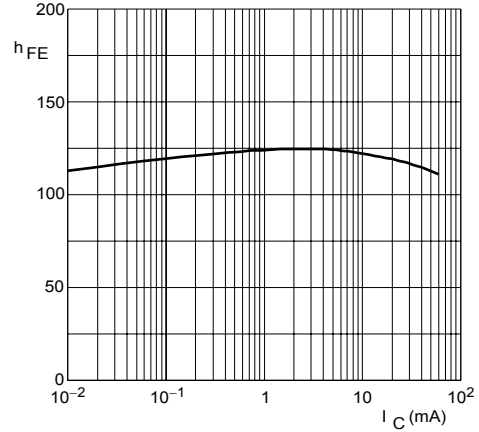
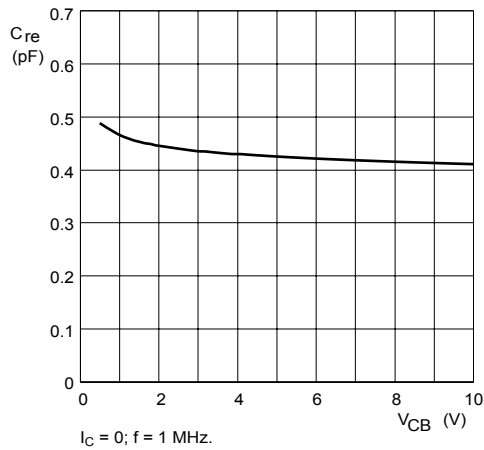


Fig.1 Power derating curve.



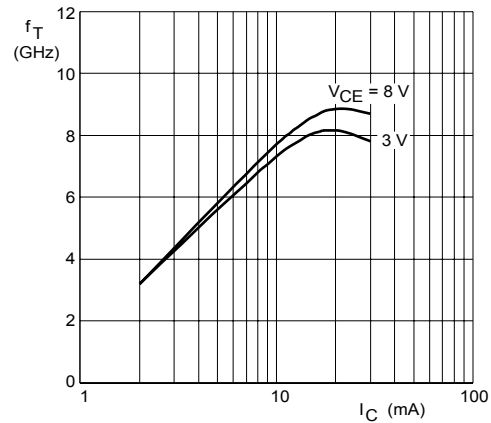
$V_{CE} = 6\text{ V}; T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.2 DC current gain as a function of collector current.



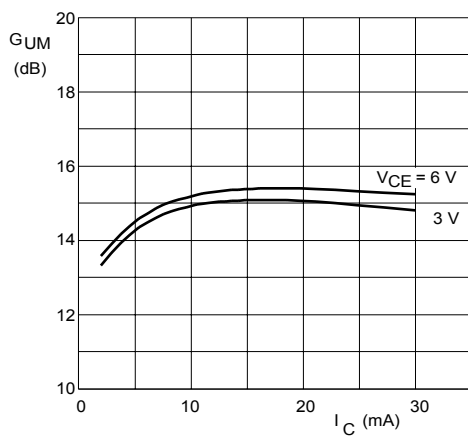
$I_C = 0; f = 1\text{ MHz}.$

Fig.3 Feedback capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage.



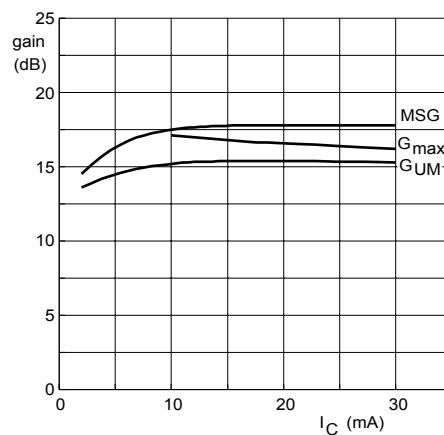
$f = 1\text{ GHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.4 Transition frequency as a function of collector current.



$V_{CE} = 6\text{ V}; f = 900\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

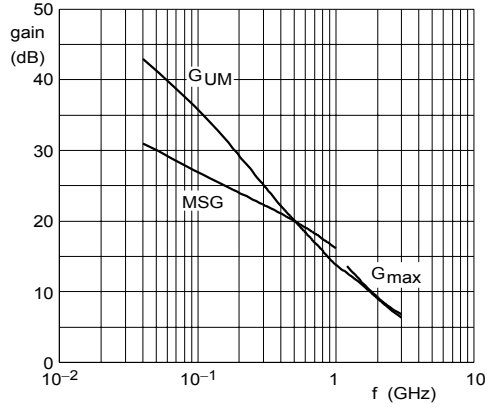
Fig.5 Maximum unilateral power gain as a function of collector current.



$V_{CE} = 6\text{ V}; f = 2\text{ GHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

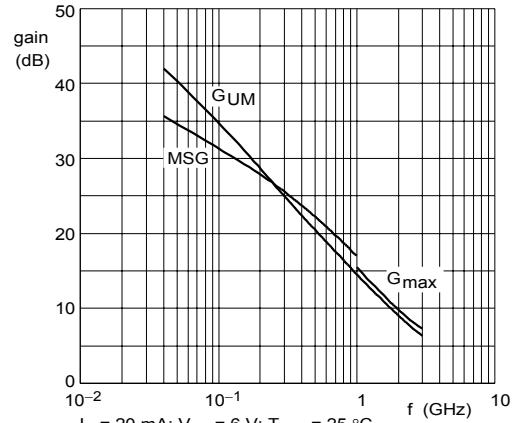
Fig.6 Gain as a function of collector current.

■ Typical Characteristics



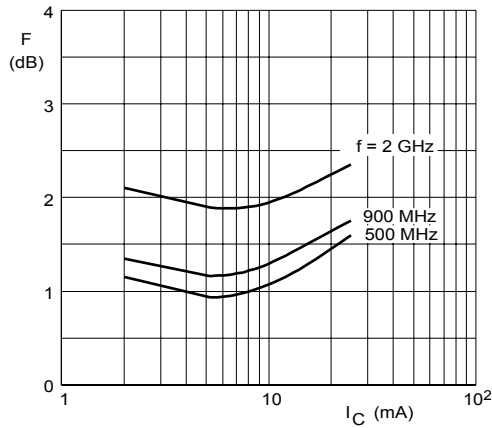
$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.7 Gain as a function of frequency.



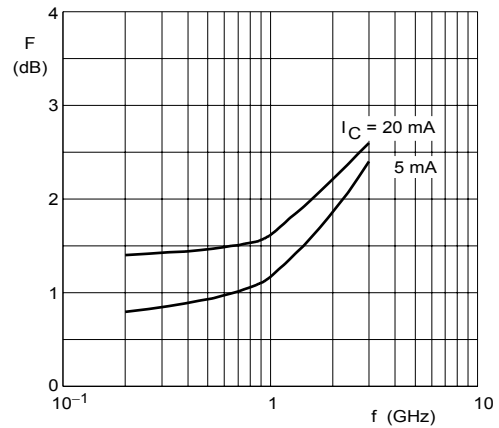
$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.8 Gain as a function of frequency.



$V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.9 Minimum noise figure as a function of collector current.



$V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

Fig.10 Minimum noise figure as a function of frequency.

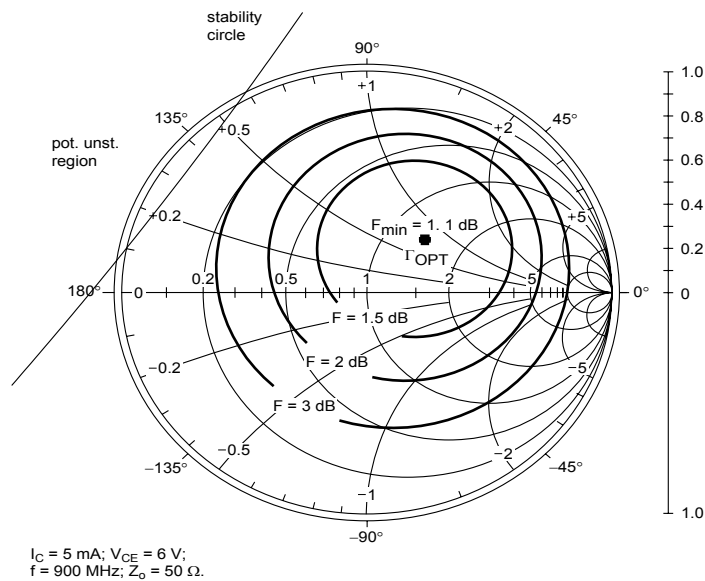


Fig.11 Noise circle.

■ Typical Characteristics

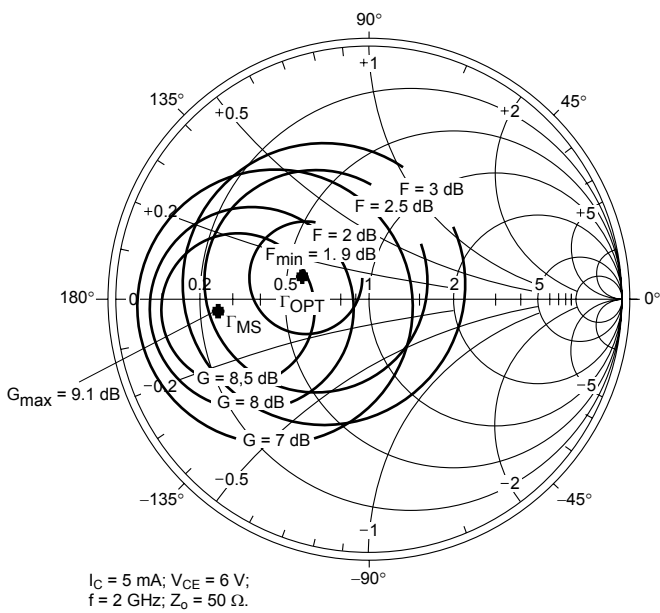


Fig.12 Noise circle.

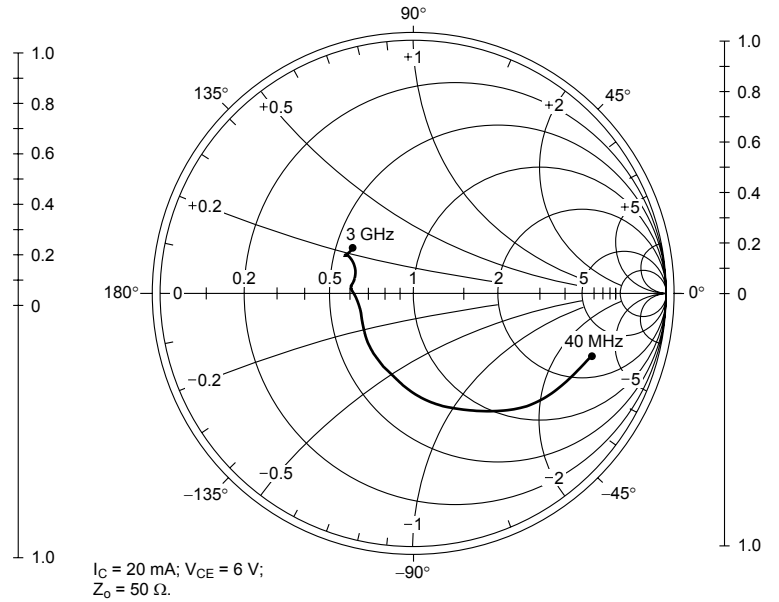


Fig.13 Common emitter input reflection coefficient (S_{11}).

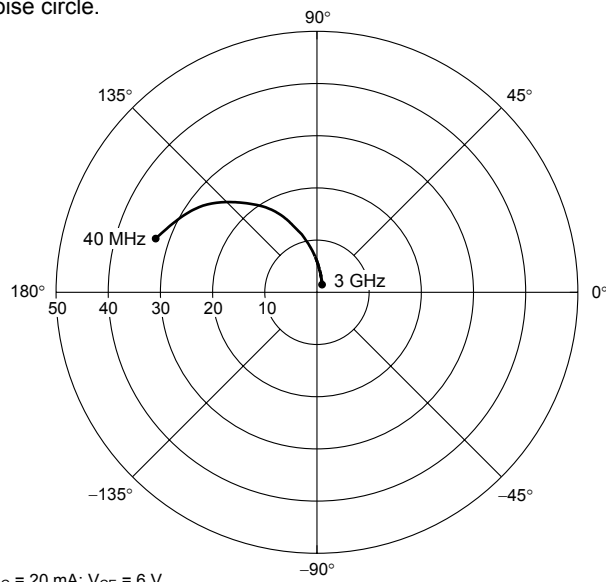
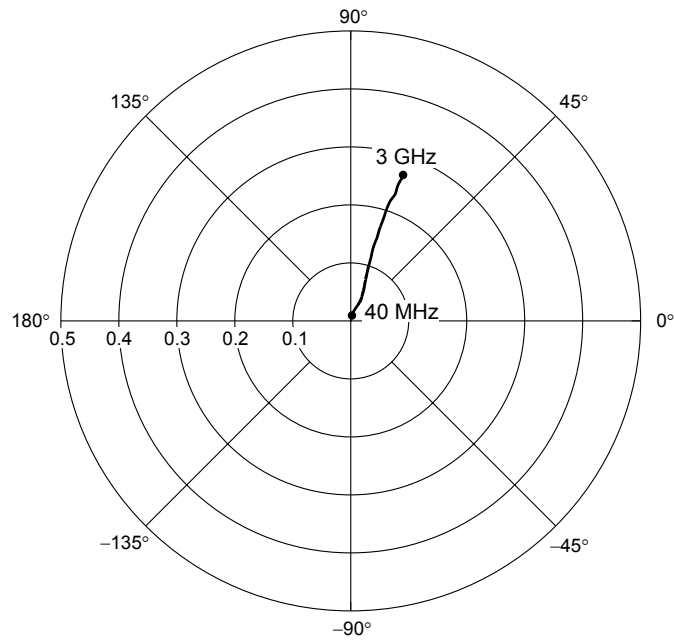


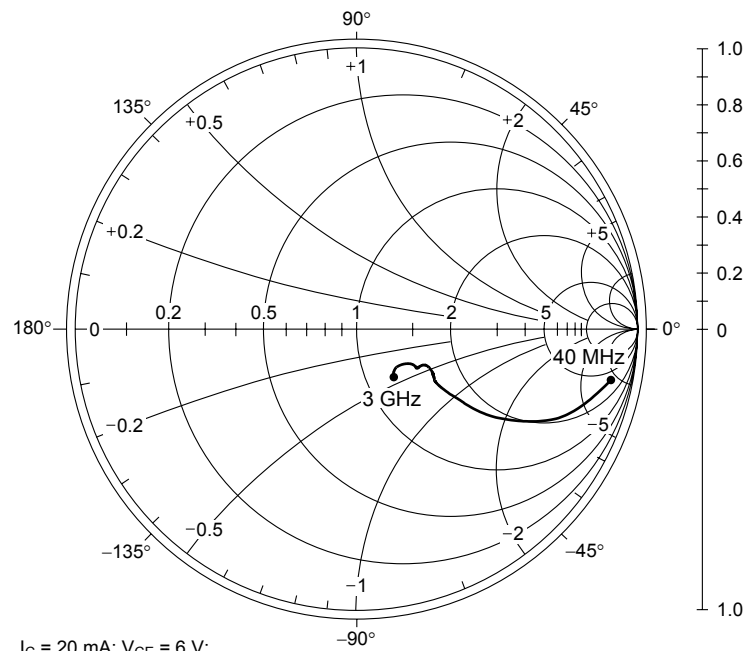
Fig.14 Common emitter forward transmission coefficient (S_{21}).

■ Typical Characteristics



$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V}.$

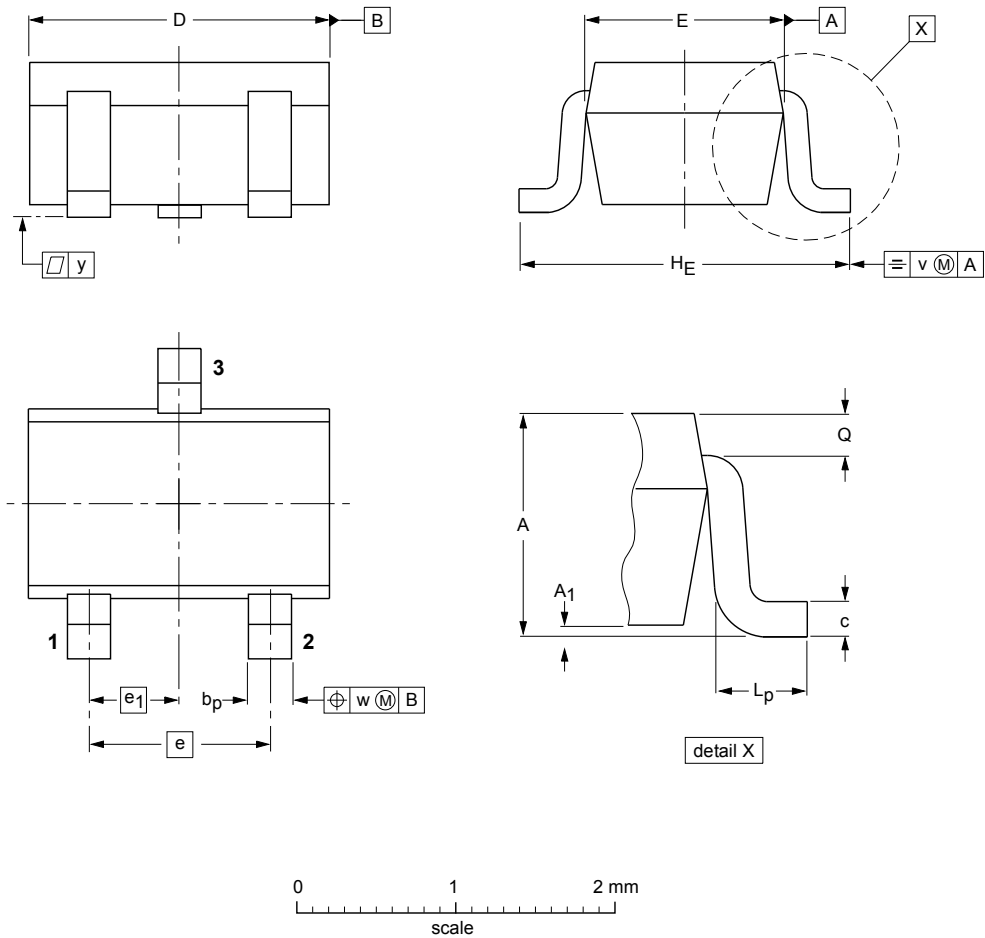
Fig.15 Common emitter reverse transmission coefficient (S_{12}).



$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 6 \text{ V};$
 $Z_0 = 50 \Omega.$

Fig.16 Common emitter output reflection coefficient (S_{22}).

■ SOT-323



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A ₁ max	b _p	c	D	E	e	e ₁	H _E	L _p	Q	v	w
mm	1.1 0.8	0.1	0.4 0.3	0.25 0.10	2.2 1.8	1.35 1.15	1.3	0.65	2.2 2.0	0.45 0.15	0.23 0.13	0.2	0.2